Research on Information Management and Decision Support System Based on Big Data

Qingbin Meng

Pangasinan State University, Urdaneta, Philippines

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Abstract: This paper studies the information management and decision support system based on big data, and introduces the concept, characteristics of big data and its challenges and strategies in information management. At the same time, the basic principles, architecture and key technologies of decision support system are expounded, and the application value, architecture design, key technology research and application fields of big data in decision support system are discussed. The paper also analyzes the main challenges faced by the information management and decision support system based on big data, including data security and privacy protection, data quality and information credibility, technology update and talent training, as well as policies, regulations and ethics, and puts forward corresponding countermeasures. This research is of great significance to improve the efficiency of information management and the scientific decision-making.

1. Introduction

With the rapid development of information technology and the popularization of the Internet, big data has become an important feature and a valuable resource in today's society. In this context, the research on information management and decision support system based on big data is particularly important. In many fields such as enterprise management, government decision-making and social services, it is necessary to efficiently process, accurately analyze and dig massive data to reveal the hidden value and law behind the data, and then provide scientific and accurate basis for decision makers. The research on information management and decision support system based on big data aims to realize effective data management and intelligent analysis through the use of advanced big data technology, so as to provide comprehensive and timely support for the decision-making process. This research not only focuses on the storage, processing and analysis of data, but also emphasizes how to transform data into information and knowledge that can actually help decision making. By building an efficient information management system and an intelligent decision support platform, it can greatly improve the scientificity and accuracy of decision-making, reduce decision-making risks, and promote the sustainable development and social progress of various industries. Therefore, the research on information management and decision support system based on big data not only has far-reaching theoretical significance, but also has urgent practical needs and application value^[1].

2. Information management in the era of big data

2.1. The concept and characteristics of big data

Big data, as the name suggests, refers to a data collection with a large amount of data, diverse types and high difficulty in processing. It includes not only the traditional structured data, such as the tabular data in the database, but also includes a large number of unstructured data, such as text, image, audio, video, etc. The characteristics of big data are usually summarized as "4V", that is, huge data volume (Volume), wide variety of data (Variety), extremely fast data generation and processing speed (Velocity), and low data value density but high value (Value). These characteristics make big data have great potential and challenges in the field of information management^[2].

2.2. Information management challenges in the era of big data

In the era of big data, information management is facing unprecedented challenges. First, the explosive growth of data volume makes it difficult for the traditional data storage and processing methods to cope with it. Traditional relational databases often have performance bottlenecks in the face of massive data, which cannot meet the needs of real-time processing and analysis. Secondly, the diversification of data types brings about complexity to information management. The processing and analysis of unstructured data requires new technologies and methods, while traditional data processing techniques are often incompetent. In addition, information management in the era of big data also faces challenges in data security, privacy protection, data quality and other aspects. With the continuous improvement of data value, the risk of data leakage and abuse also increases. How to ensure the security and privacy protection of data has become an urgent problem to be solved^[3].

2.3. Information management strategies and technologies in the era of big data

In order to meet the challenges of information management in the era of big data, a series of effective strategies and technologies need to be adopted. First, in terms of data storage, distributed storage technology can be used to build a scalable storage system to meet the storage needs of massive data. For example, the Hadoop Distributed File System (HDFS) is a distributed file system that is widely used in big data storage. Secondly, in terms of data processing and analysis, parallel computing and distributed computing techniques can be adopted to improve the efficiency of data processing and analysis. For example, MapReduce is a programming model based on parallel computing, which enables to decompose large data processing tasks into multiple small tasks and execute them in parallel on a distributed cluster. In addition, technologies such as data mining and machine learning can also be used to mine the potential value and rules in big data to support decision-making. In addition to the technical means, the information management in the era of big data also needs to pay attention to data governance and data security. Data governance refers to the process of effective data management and control, including data standardization, data quality management, data security management and other aspects. By establishing a perfect data governance system, the accuracy, consistency and credibility of data can be ensured, and the quality and value of data can be improved^[4].

3. The basic principle and architecture of the decision support system

3.1. Definition and function of the decision support system

Decision Support System (DSS) is a computer-based information system that integrates data, models, methods, and knowledge to provide decision makers with necessary information and analysis tools to help them solve complex decision problems. Unlike traditional information systems, DSS places more emphasis on direct support for the decision-making process than just providing data and information. It can provide a flexible and interactive decision-making environment according to the needs of decision-makers, helping decision-makers in decision-making activities such as problem identification, scheme generation, program evaluation and selection. The main functions of DSS include data collection and collation, model building and management, decision analysis and simulation, and knowledge representation and reasoning, etc. It can collect and integrate data from multiple data sources, through the construction of mathematical model to describe and analyze decision problems, provide visual decision analysis tools to help decision makers scheme comparison and selection, at the same time also can use the knowledge and knowledge base for reasoning and judgment, provide intelligent decision support for decision makers^[5].

3.2. The basic architecture of the decision support system

The basic architecture of DSS usually includes several core components, such as user interface, database, model base and knowledge base. The user interface is the window for the decision maker to interact with the DSS. It is responsible for receiving the input instructions from the decision maker and displaying the decision results. The database is used to store and manage the variety of data needed for decisions, both structured and unstructured data. The model library contains a variety of mathematical models used to describe and analyze decision problems, such as optimization model, prediction model, decision tree and so on. The knowledge base stores domain knowledge, rules and experience related to decision making to support intelligent decision reasoning. In addition, the architecture of the DSS may also include method library provides various data analysis methods and algorithms, such as statistical analysis, data mining, machine learning, etc. The communication network is responsible for the data transmission and communication between the various components. Artificial intelligence components use machine learning, natural language processing and other technologies to realize intelligent data processing, model building and decision reasoning functions^[6].

3.3. Key technologies of the decision support system

The key technologies of DSS cover a number of fields, including data management technology, model building technology, decision analysis technology and artificial intelligence technology. Data management technology involves the storage, query, processing and analysis of data, and needs to solve the storage and processing efficiency of massive data, as well as the quality and security of data. Model building technology focuses on how to build appropriate mathematical models according to the characteristics of decision problems, including the process of model building, verification and optimization. Decision analysis technology provides a variety of decision-making methods and tools, such as multi-objective decision analysis, risk decision analysis, uncertainty decision analysis, etc., to help decision-makers to make scientific decisions. Artificial intelligence technology is playing an increasingly important role in DSS. By exploiting machine learning

algorithms, DSS can automatically learn and extract useful information and patterns from data for supporting decision making. Natural language processing technology enables DSS to understand and process human natural language input and improve the efficiency of interaction between decision makers and systems^[7].

4. Research on decision support system based on big data

4.1. The application value of big data in the decision support system

In the current information society, the application of big data has penetrated into various fields. Especially in the decision support systems, the application value of big data is particularly prominent. Traditional decision support systems often rely on limited data and manual analysis, which is difficult to cope with the complex and changeable decision environment. The decision support system based on big data can realize the collection, storage, processing and analysis of massive data, and provide more comprehensive, accurate and timely information support system is mainly reflected in the following aspects: First, to improve the accuracy and scientificity of decision-making. Through in-depth mining and analysis of big data, the laws and trends behind the data can be revealed, providing more accurate prediction and judgment basis for decision makers. Second, we need to optimize the decision-making process. The application of big data can realize automatic and intelligent decision support, reduce manual intervention and subjective judgment, and improve the efficiency and standardization of decision-making process. The third is to enhance the flexibility and adaptability of the decision-making system^[8].

4.2. Architecture design of the decision support system based on big data

The architecture design of decision support system based on big data is the basis to realize the application value of big data. The architecture needs to fully consider the characteristics and processing requirements of big data, including the storage, processing, analysis and visualization of massive data. Generally speaking, the architecture can be divided into five parts: data source layer, data storage layer, data processing layer, data analysis layer and decision application layer. The data source layer is responsible for collecting and integrating data resources from different channels and formats to provide the basis for subsequent data storage and processing. The data storage layer is responsible for the storage and management of the collected data, using a high-performance distributed storage system to meet the storage requirements of big data. The data processing layer is responsible for cleaning, transforming and integrating the stored data to ensure the quality and consistency of the data. The data analysis layer uses various data mining and machine learning algorithms to conduct in-depth analysis of the processed data, and dig out the potential value and rules in the data. Finally, the decision application layer presents the analysis results to the decision makers in a visual way, and provides an interactive decision support environment to help the decision makers to make scientific decisions^[9].

4.3. Research on key technologies of big data-driven decision support system

Research on the key technologies of big data-driven decision support system is the core to realize the application value of big data. These key technologies include big data storage and management technology, big data processing and analysis technology, big data visualization and interaction technology, etc. Among them, big data storage and management technology needs to solve the storage, access and management problems of massive data, which can be realized by using distributed storage and cloud computing technologies. Big data processing and analysis technology needs to use various data mining and machine learning algorithms to conduct in-depth analysis of big data, and dig out the potential value and rules in the data. Moreover, big data flow processing techniques are needed to realize the processing and analysis of real-time data. Big data visualization and interaction technology is the key to present the results of big data analysis to decision makers in an intuitive and easy to understand way. It is necessary to study various data visualization technologies and interactive interface design technologies to improve the interaction efficiency and user experience between decision makers and the system^[10].

4.4. Discussion on the application field of decision support system based on big data

Decision support systems based on big data have wide application prospects in many fields. For example, in the field of enterprise management, the system can help enterprises to achieve data-driven management decisions, improve management efficiency and market competitiveness. The field of government decision-making is also one of the important application areas of the system. Through the in-depth mining and analysis of big data, it can provide a more scientific and accurate decision-making basis for the government, and promote the scientific and democratic policy formulation and implementation. In addition, decision support systems based on big data also have a wide application prospect in health care, finance, education and other fields. With the continuous development and innovation of big data technology, it is believed that the application field of this system will be further expanded and deepened.

5. Challenges and countermeasures of information management and decision support system based on big data

5.1. Data security and privacy protection

In the environment of big data, data security and privacy protection are becoming increasingly prominent. As data continues to be generated and shared, so does the risk of data leakage and abuse. For the information management and decision support system, how to ensure the security and privacy of data has become an important challenge. In terms of countermeasures, it is necessary to establish a sound data security management system and clarify the security requirements of the whole life cycle such as data collection, storage, processing, sharing and destruction. Secondly, advanced data encryption, desensitization and access control technologies are used to prevent illegal data acquisition and abuse. In addition, it is also necessary to strengthen the safety awareness and skills training of relevant personnel to improve the safety protection capability of the whole system.

5.2. Data quality and information credibility

The diversity and complexity of big data bring challenges to data quality management and information credibility assessment. The problem of data quality may come from the inaccurate data source, the deviation of data collection, data transmission errors and other links. The evaluation of information credibility needs to consider many factors such as the source, timeliness and integrity of the data. To address these challenges, rigorous mechanisms for data quality management and information credibility assessment need to be established. To improve the accuracy and consistency of data, organizations or data analysts should perform data cleaning, calibration, and integration. At the same time, data mining and machine learning and other technologies are used to conduct in-depth analysis and mining of the data, discover the potential value and rules in the data, and improve the credibility of the information and the decision support effect.

5.3. Technology update and personnel training

The rapid update and iteration of big data technology has put forward higher requirements for the technical architecture and talent team of the information management and decision support system. How to keep up with the pace of technology and maintain the advancement and competitiveness of the system is one of the important challenges facing the system. In order to cope with this challenge, we need to constantly pay attention to and learn the new technology trends and development trends, and timely upgrade and transform the system. At the same time, we will strengthen the construction of talent team and cultivate a team of high-quality talents with big data thinking and mastering advanced technologies and methods. To provide a strong talent guarantee for the sustainable development and innovation of the system, (the organization/company/team) should improve professional quality and innovation ability through regular training and communication.

5.4. Policies, regulations and ethics

The application and development of big data are restricted and influenced by policies, regulations and ethics. How to carry out the application of big data under the premise of legal compliance and protect the legitimate rights and interests of individuals and organizations is a problem that the information management and decision support system must face. Therefore, it is necessary to strengthen the study and understanding of relevant laws, regulations and policies to ensure that the development and application of the system meet the requirements of laws and regulations. At the same time, we should pay attention to the construction of ethics and morality, respect the privacy rights and legitimate rights and interests of individuals and organizations, and avoid the negative effects brought by the abuse of big data. To promote the healthy and orderly development of big data applications, a sound supervision mechanism and self-discipline mechanism should be established.

6. Conclusion

The research on information management and decision support system based on big data is of great significance to improve the scientificity and accuracy of decision-making. The application of big data provides more comprehensive and in-depth information support for decision-makers, making the decision-making process more accurate and efficient. However, the complexity, security and technical update of big data also bring challenges to the research and application of the system. In order to meet these challenges, a series of effective strategies and technical means need to be adopted, including strengthening data security and privacy protection, improving data quality and information credibility, paying attention to technology update and talent training, and complying with relevant policies, regulations and ethics. In the future, with the continuous development and innovation of big data technology, it is believed that the information management and decision support system based on big data will play an important role in more fields and make greater contributions to the progress and development of the society.

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